

Transformations Quiz REVIEW

1. Write the rule for each transformation:

- a) Translate 4 units left and 2 units down
- b) Reflect across the x-axis
- c) Rotate 90° clockwise about the origin
- d) Reflect across the y-axis
- e) Rotate 180° about the origin
- f) Reflect across $y=x$
- g) Rotate 90° counterclockwise about the origin
- h) Reflect across $y=-x$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x-4, y-2)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (y, -x)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$

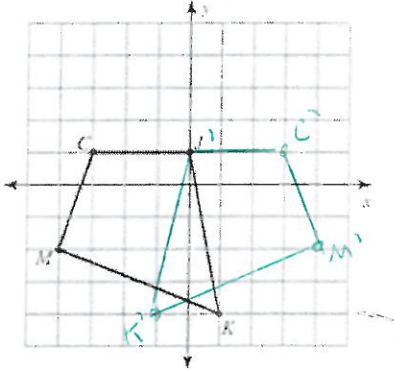
$(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (y, x)$

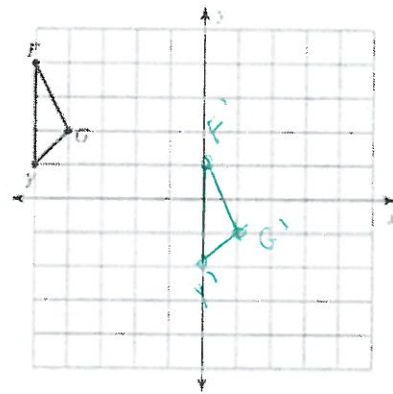
$(x,y) \rightarrow (-y, x)$

$(x,y) \rightarrow (-y, -x)$

2. Reflect the polygon over the y-axis.

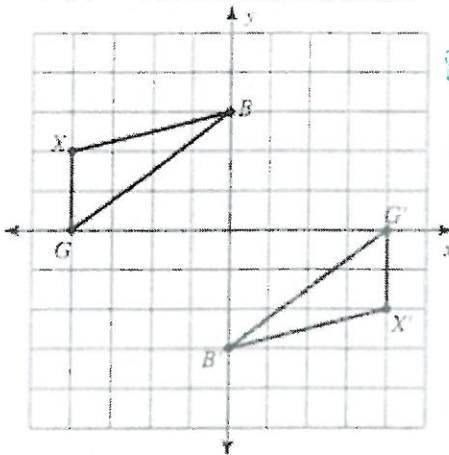


3. Translate by the vector $\langle 5, -3 \rangle$.



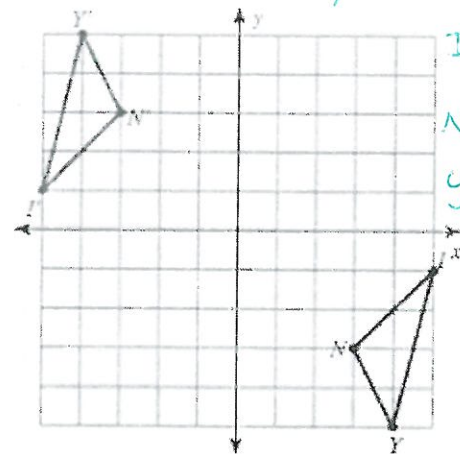
For #4 and #5, write the rule for each transformation.

4. $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$



$B(0,3) \ B'(0,-3)$
 $G(-4,0) \ G'(4,0)$
 $X(-4,2) \ X'(4,-2)$

5. $(x,y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$



$I(5,-1) \ I'(-5,1)$
 $N(3,-3) \ N'(-3,3)$
 $Y(4,-5) \ Y'(-4,5)$

6. If two parallel lines are 30 cm apart, then a composition of two reflections across the lines is equivalent to a 60 cm translation.

7. If two intersecting lines form an acute angle of 20°, then a composition of two reflections across the intersecting lines is equivalent to a 40° rotation.

8. A translation of $\langle 10, -3 \rangle$ followed by a translation of $\langle -7, 1 \rangle$ is equivalent to the single translation $\langle 3, -2 \rangle$

9. Describe the transformation given by the ordered pair rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (-y, x)$. Remember to be specific.

90° clockwise rotation about origin

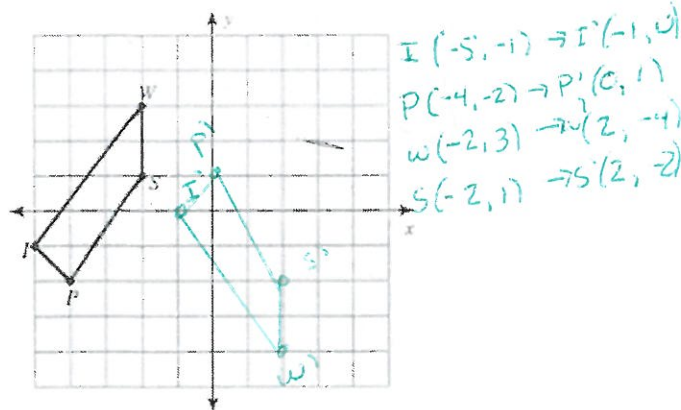
10. Give the ordered pair rule that reflects a figure across the x-axis. $(x, y) \rightarrow$ $(x, -y)$

For #11 and #12, complete the following compositions of transformations on each polygon. Then describe what 2 transformations occurred. Be specific!

10. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+4, -y-1)$

1st: Reflect across X-axis

2nd: Translate 4 units right and 1 ~~up~~ down



11. $(x, y) \rightarrow (2y, 2x)$

1st: reflect across the line $y=x$

*order
doesn't
matter

2nd: dilate by a scale factor of 2

